

Klamath Coho

Existing Populations

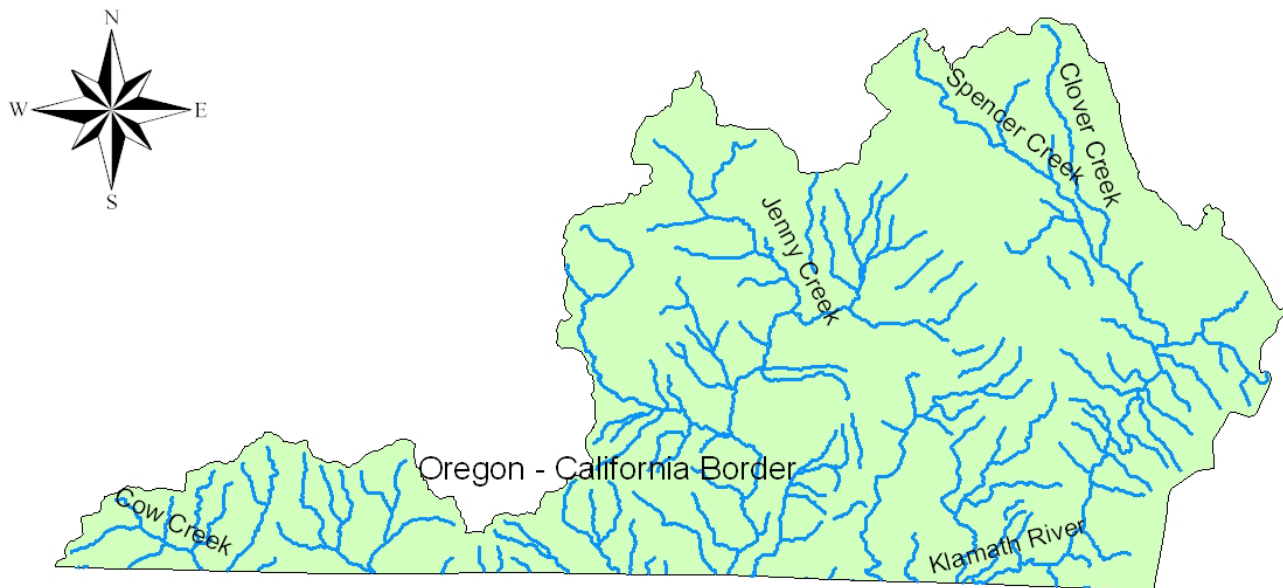
The Klamath Coho SMU consists of a single extinct population within the Klamath basin upstream of the Oregon/California border, and thus the SMU is classified as extinct (Table 23).

Table 23. Population list and existence status for the Klamath Coho SMU.

Exist	Population	Description
No	Upper Klamath	Historical population of unknown distribution within the Klamath River upstream of the Oregon/California border.

Upper Klamath – Klamath Coho

The Upper Klamath coho population is an extinct population in the Klamath basin upstream of the Oregon/California border. Access to the upper Klamath was originally blocked in 1918 with the installation of Copco 1 Dam. In 1925, Copco 2 Dam was built just a quarter-mile downstream of the original dam. Iron Gate Dam, built in 1962, eliminated another seven miles of habitat downstream of the previous two dams. This series of dams has effectively extirpated coho and other anadromous salmonids upstream of Iron Gate Dam, 20 miles upstream of Yreka California. Historical distribution of coho in the Klamath is not well understood.



Assessment Outcome

Existence	Distribution	Abundance	Productivity	Independence	Hybridization
<i>Fail</i>	--	--	--	--	--